

School Safety and the Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting Webinar

April 2025





NYSED Office of Student Support Services

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NYS Center for School Safety

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Thank you for joining us!



Session Objectives

- Review the revisions to SSEC category definitions that took effect in July 2021
- Discuss the process for annual reporting of SSEC data
- Share resources, such as the Individual Incident Reporting (IIR) form and SSEC Reporting Form
- Review SVI calculations, and designation of schools as Potentially Persistently Dangerous and Persistently Dangerous

Key Terms

- * Education Law §2801 and Commissioner's Regulation §100.2(gg)
- Safe Schools Against Violence in Education Act (SAVE)
- Violent and Disruptive Incident Reporting (VADIR) obsolete term
- Dignity for All Students Act
- School Violence Index (SVI)

Key Terms

School Safety and the Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting

Unsafe School Choice Option (USCO)

Potentially Persistently Dangerous designation (PPD)

Persistently Dangerous designation (PD)



Intersection of Key Terms

- The "Unsafe School Choice Option" is a <u>federal law</u>, specifically a provision within the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA).
- ❖ PPD and PD designations are required by USCO (Unsafe School Choice Option) through the SVI (School Violence Index) as a comparative measure of the level of violence in a school and reported through current SSEC reporting.
- **USCO** (Unsafe School Choice Option) requires schools and/or districts to offer an opportunity to transfer to a safe school within 14 days of a violent incident.
 - Victims of violent criminal offenses
 - Students attending Persistently Dangerous (PD) designated schools



Effective Date of All Updated Definitions and SVI Calculation

The SSEC incident reporting period begins each year on July 1 and ends on June 30.

All revisions and revised definitions became effective for incident reporting during the 2021-22 school year.

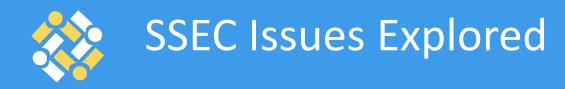
There are *no changes* to SSEC reporting for the 24-25 or 25-26 school years.





SSEC Issues Identified

- Confusion around some of the categories, definitions, and category weighting for SVI calculations
- Because the definitions were so broad, incidents were collected that were not necessarily violent and/or disruptive
- The term "weapon" was unclear
- The system collected incidents of "bomb threat" and "false alarm" but not other types of school threats
- Low enrollment schools were over-identified and high enrollment schools were under-identified as Persistently Dangerous



The Safe Schools Task Force reconvened in 2019 and made recommendations to:

Revise some of the definitions in §100.2(gg).

Revise the SVI to focus on only violent incidents, and take school enrollment into account in a more accurate manner.



SSEC Revisions: Definitions

Removed subcategories to create one, serious incident category and definition for both "Assault" and "Sexual Offense."

The definitions include age, developmental age, and intent.

The terms "Assault" and "Sexual Offense" were revised to be consistent with the definitions in the NYS Penal Law.



The term "weapon" was revised to be consistent with the definition of such term in the Penal Law, to accurately reflect all the Penal Law's enumerated list of weapons under <u>felony offenses</u>.

Requiring that the <u>school</u> has referred the person to the police for the act was added to these definitions, to reflect the most serious of violent incidents.

Added a definition for "threat" (other than bomb threat or false alarm).



SSEC Revisions: Definitions

Sexual Offense, Assault, and Weapons Possession were revised to include the following three reportable criteria:

- An act committed by a person 10 years of age or older.
- Constitutes a <u>felony under Penal Law</u>, taking into consideration the developmental capacity of the person to form the intent to commit such act.
- The school has referred the person to the police for the act.



Revised Definition

Sexual Offense

An act committed by a person 10 years of age or older which would constitute a <u>felony under</u>

<u>Article 130 of the Penal Law</u>, taking into consideration the developmental capacity of the person to form the intent to commit such act, and where the school has referred the person to the police for the act.

CR 100.2(gg)(1)(iv)(b)



Revised Definition

Assault

An act committed by a person 10 years of age or older which would <u>constitute a felony under</u>

<u>Article 120 of the Penal Law</u>, taking into consideration the developmental capacity of the person to form the intent to commit such act, and where the school has referred the person to the police for the act.

CR 100.2(gg)(1)(iv)(c)





Revised Definition

Weapons

Shall mean any weapon <u>defined in Article 265 of the</u>
<u>Penal Law.</u>

CR 100.2(gg)(1)(iii)

Weapons Possession:

An act committed by a person 10 years of age or older which would constitute a felony under Article 265 of the Penal Law, taking into consideration the developmental capacity of the person to form the intent to commit such act, and where the school has referred the person to the police for the act.

CR 100.2(gg)(1)(iv)(h)



Added Category

Threat:

(other than bomb threat or false alarm)

A verbal, telephoned, written or electronic message of a threat of violence on school property or at a school related function.

Examples:

- Swatting
- Social Media Threats
- Vandalism with Threatening Messages
- Cyber Threats
- Poisoning Threats

CR 100.2(gg)(1)(iv)(e)

The list of examples is not exclusive





SSEC Incident Reporting Categories

Part I: SSEC Incident Categories (effective July 1, 2021)

- 1. Homicide
- 2. Sexual Offense
- 3. Assault
- 4. Weapons Possession
- Material Incidents of Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying
 All incidents excluding Cyberbullying
 Cyberbullying
- 6. Bomb Threat
- 7. False Alarm
- 8. Threat (Other than bomb threat or false alarm)
- 9. Use, Possession or Sale of Drugs
- 10. Use, Possession or Sale of Alcohol

The Dignity Act for All Students and SSEC Reporting

The Dignity for All Students Act is embedded in SSEC Reporting in categories 5a and 5b.

- Use SSEC category 5a to report counts of material incidents of discrimination, harassment, and bullying. 8-CRR-NY §100.2[kk]
- A Dignity Act incident that meets the criteria for any of the 4 SVI categories is reported as the more serious offense. This would mean the incident is reported under the SVI category, rather than 5a.



IIR (Individual Incident Report) Form

Individual Incident Report (IIR) Form

Education Law §2802 and the Commissioner's regulation 100.2 (gg) require schools to report all violent or disruptive incidents that occur during the school year and summer months, between July 1 and June 30, including when summer school is in session. It is expected that schools collect the required information (below), electronically or in paper form, using a format such as the Individual Incident Report (IIR). The format should be the basis for the submission of the annual School Safety and the Educational Climate (SSEC)Summary Data Collection Form. Do not send copies of IIR forms to SED.

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2.	Sexual Offense											
3.	Assault											
4.	Weapons Possession											
	Materials Incidents of Discrimination, Harassment, and Bullying (all excluding Cyberbullying)								(ing)			
<u>5a.</u> 5b.	Cyberbullying Cyberbullying											
6.	Somb Threat											
7.	False Alarm											
8.	Threat of School Violence (Other than Bomb Threat or False Alarm)											
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Identify the grade and age if the target/victim was student (add more rows as needed):

Student Target/Victim	Grade/Age	Age
#1		
#2		
#3		

Indicate the number and types of targets/victims: (for any that apply)

(II). Juvenile Justice or Criminal Justice System

(z). Student	(aa). S	Staff	(bb). Other	
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Report the disciplinary or referral actions taken against staff or "other" offenders, such as being reported to law enforcement, etc. (duplicate if necessary)

Duration:

(mm). Law Enforcement

Offender	Disciplinary Action	Referral Action	Other

Report the number of students involved (as offenders) in incidents involving each of the following weapons at school¹:

	Weapon	Number of: General Education Students	Number of: Students with Disabilities
а	Handgun		
b	Rifle or Shotgun		

^{1 **}This is required by USDE Code DG596 Students Involved with Firearms and data submission used to monitor and report for the ESSA section 4141 Gun-Free Schools and Communities Act (GFSA)

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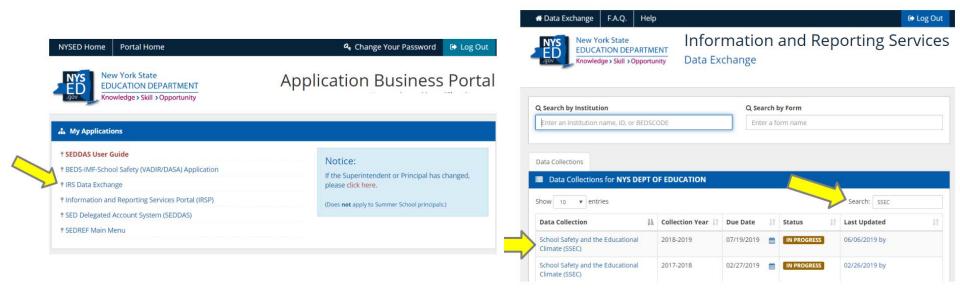


SSEC Reporting Form

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	У										
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Number of Student Targets/Victims z	Z										
Number of Staff Targets/Victims aa	ia .										
Number of "Other" Targets/Victims bb	ob										
Report the number of OFFENDERS that were	e students, staff or	other involved in	n incidents in ro	w (a). An offende	er must be count	ted more than or	ce if he/she ini	tiates more tha	n one incident (d	luplicated count)	
Number of Student Offenders cc	c										
Number of Staff Offenders dd	ld										
Number of "Other" Offenders ee	ee e										
Report	t the number of ST	UDENT OFFEND	ERS that receive	d the following	type of discplina	ry action or refe	rral (Report all 1	that apply).			
Counseling or Treatment Programs ff	ff										
Teacher Removal (Section 3214)	g										
In School Suspension hh	nh										
Out-of-School Suspension ii	ii										
Involuntary Transfer to an Alternative Placement jj	ij										
Community Service kk	(k										
Juvenile Justice Or Criminal Justice System II	II										
Law Enforcement mn	ım										
		Rep	ort the unduplic	ated count of ST	UDENT OFFEND	ERS.					
Number of Unduplicated Student Offenders for Serious Incidents	(Serious Offen	duplicated Numb ses include Categ dents in one or m	gories 1-4: Homi	cide, Sexual Offi	enses, Assault, V	Veapons Possess		individual only	once if he/she i	nitiated	



Navigating the Data Collection System



IRS Data Exchange (IDEx) Guidance
For School Safety and the Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting

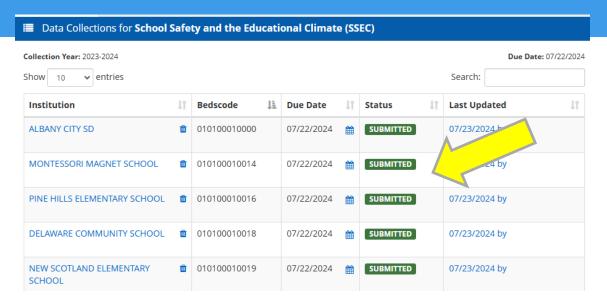
Frequently Asked Questions: https://bedsvadirsupport.nysed.gov







IDEx: Navigating the Data Collection System



Only Superintendents and Charter School Leaders have the ability to submit:



IRS Data Exchange (IDEx) Guidance for School Safety and the Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting

Frequently Asked Questions: https://bedsvadirsupport.nysed.gov





- Removed the weighing of incidents
- Uses a total of only the four most serious violent categories:
 - Homicide
 - Felony assault
 - Felony sexual offense
 - Felony weapons use/possession
- Uses a ratio of the sum of the four violent incident categories per 100 students



Revised Formula

Schools with an SVI of 3.0 or greater for two consecutive years are designated as Persistently Dangerous



Example 1: An elementary school with a BEDS day enrollment of 351 reports zero homicides, zero sexual offenses, 1 assault and 2 incidents of weapons possession would have an SVI of 0.85

Step 1: Enter the total number of violent incidents

Violent incident category	Total number of incidents
Homicide	0
Sexual offense	0
Assault	1
Incidents involving the possession or use of a weapon	2
Step 2: Sum the total number of violent incidents	3
Step 3: Enter the school's enrollment on BEDS Day	351
Step 4: Calculate the SVI: The total number of incidents is divided by the enrollment and multiplied by 100 (round the SVI to the second decimal place)	3/351 x 100 = 0.85
Step 5: Is the SVI greater than or equal to 3? (Yes or No)	No





Example 2: A high school with a BEDS day enrollment of 1315 reports zero homicides, 2 sexual offenses, 3 assaults, and 15 incidents of weapons possession would have an SVI of 1.52

Step 1: Enter the total number of violent incidents

Violent incident category	Total number of incidents
Homicide	0
Sexual offense	2
Assault	3
Incidents involving the possession or use of a weapon	15
Step 2: Sum the total number of violent incidents	20
Step 3: Enter the school's enrollment on BEDS Day	1315
Step 4: Calculate the SVI: The total number of incidents is divided by the enrollment and multiplied by 100 (round the SVI to the second decimal place)	20/1315 x 100= 1.52
Step 5: Is the SVI greater than or equal to 3? (Yes or No)	No



Persistently Dangerous Designation Effective July 1, 2021

Persistently Dangerous (PD) schools

Only the most serious violent incidents, which shall include only the following categories of incidents: homicide, sexual offense, assault, and incidents involving the possession or use of a weapon, are used in making such determination.

An SVI of 3.0 or greater, two years in a row, will be used to designate schools as persistently dangerous.

CR100.2 (gg)(8), (3)(a)





PPD (Potentially Persistently Dangerous) versusPD (Persistently Dangerous)

- PPD (Potentially Persistently Dangerous) is a warning that is only between the designated school and NYSED. This is not public information. A PPD school has an SVI of 3 or more for 1 school year.
- The PD (Persistently Dangerous) designation is made public. Students attending a PD school have the right to attend a safe school under the Unsafe School Choice Option (USCO) Provision. A PD school has an SVI of 3 or more for 2 consecutive school years.
- There are exemption processes for schools designated PPD or PD:
 - **Violent Incident Exemption Process (VIEP)**
 - **Violent Incident Exemption Process Other Circumstances (VIEP-OC)**
 - **Evidence of Safe Conditions and Actions to Improve Safety (ESCAIS)**

Exemption Processes: VIEP, VIEP-OC, ESCAIS



SSEC Incident Reporting Categories Effective July 1, 2021

Part I: SSEC Incident Categories (effective July 1, 2021)

Homicide

Sexual Offense *

Assault *

Weapons Possession *

Material Incidents of Discrimination, Ha

- All incidents excluding Cyberbullying
- Cyberbullying

The **only** categories with revised definitions are:

- **Sexual Offense***
- Assault*
- Weapons Possession*
- Threat (new category)*

Incident categories are no longer weighted

Bomb Threat

False Alarm

Threat (Other

Use, Possessio

The **only** categories used to determine the **SVI** and designate schools as Persistently Dangerous are:

- Homicide +
- Sexual Offense +
- Assault +
- **Weapons Possession +**

Use, Possession o



Information from NYSED

SUBJECT: New definitions and School Violence Index (SVI) calculation for the **2021-22** School Safety and Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting System

DATE: July 22, 2021



THE STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT / THE UNIVERSITY OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK / ALBANY, NY 12234

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nysed.gov; Web: www.p12.nysed.gov/sss

July 22, 2021

TO: District Superintendents of BOCES

Superintendents of Public School Districts Outside NYC

Principals of Public Schools Outside NYC

Charter School Leaders

FROM: Kathleen R. DeCataldo

January Dillon SUBJECT: New definitions and School Violence Index (SVI) calculation for the 2021-22

School Safety and Educational Climate (SSEC) Reporting System

Effective July 1, 2021, Commissioner's Regulation 100.2 (gg) School Safety and Educational Climate (SSEC) incident categories and definitions and the School Violence Index (SVI) used to determine Persistently Dangerous (PD) schools have been revised. Note: This change does not affect the 2020-21 SSEC data currently being collected this summer.

After three years of schools and districts reporting under the revised SSEC categories and definitions adopted at the December 2016 Regents meeting, it became clear that there was confusion regarding a number of the revised categories, their definitions, and how they were weighed in calculating SVI. The Safe Schools Task Force (Task Force), reviewed the SSEC Data Collection system to re-examine SSEC category definitions with the feedback received from schools; re-assessed the SVI formula for more accurate identification of persistently dangerous schools; and assessed the need to collect data on threats of school violence.

As a result, the Task Force recommended the following steps related to SSEC categories and

- · Revise the SSEC incident categories and definitions to reflect the most violent incidents
 - o Removing subcategories to create only one serious incident category and definition, respectively, for "Assault," "Sexual Offense" and "Weapons."
 - Revising the definitions of Assault and Sexual Offense to include age. developmental age and intent.



Considerations

- Reporting an incident on the SSEC form is not the same as responding to an incident.
- SSEC reporting criteria and definitions do not take into account the impact of the incident on the targeted student.
- Your Title IX Coordinator is an important resource.
- Communication, communication, communication!

Accurate Reporting and Communicating SSEC Data

- Strengthens public perception
- Builds trust and transparency
- Allows for informed decision making
- Promotes collaboration
- Improves student well-being
- Strengthens school climate
- Ensures safety
- Encourages shared accountability







Resources to Support SSEC Reporting

- SSEC Reporting Form
- Instructions for SSEC Reporting System
- Glossary of Terms
- Commissioner's Regulations 100.2 (gg)
- SSEC Questions & Answers
- Individual Incident Reporting Form
- SVI Calculation Sheet





For content-related questions:

NYSED Office of Student Support Services

By email: SSEC@nysed.gov

By phone: (518) 486-6090

For difficulties accessing or using the online SSEC form: NYSED Office of Information and Reporting Services

By Help Center Ticket

By phone: (518) 474-7965





CFSS Website & Contact Info



844-897-9567

www.nyscfss.org

nyscenterforschoolsafety@measinc.com





Thank You

for your participation!





SSEC Reporting Webinar Feedback Survey

https://measurement.welcomesyourfeedback.com/cfss0429